Determine the chip speed that is associated with the first layer of wiring structure 1.) given in the figure below assuming that the metal is either Aluminum or Copper. The wire has a line thickness of 0.25 μ m, height of 0.75 μ m and average length of 10 mm and the dielectric material that was between the wiring but removed for this image is SiO2 and has a wire-to-wire gap of 0.75 µm. How much faster is the Copper based chip than

the Aluminum based chip? DATA: Electrical Resistivity Refractive Index Permitivity 2.824 *cm Aluminum 1.724 *cm Copper SiO2 1.55 Vacuum 8.854x10^-12 farad/m



Problem 1 Chip Speed

Area_{wire} := Height Thickness

Chip_Speed := $(R_{Cu} \cdot C)^{-1}$

 $um := 10^{-6} \cdot m$ $\rho_{Al}\coloneqq 2.824{\cdot}10^{-6}{\cdot}ohm{\cdot}cm$ $n_{SiO2} := 1.55$ $\rho_{Cu} \coloneqq 1.724 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot \text{ohm} \cdot \text{cm}$ $GHz := 10^9 \cdot Hz$ $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{o} \coloneqq 8.854 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot \frac{F}{m}$ $\varepsilon_{SiO2} := n_{SiO2}^2$ Dielectric Constant for Optical frequency Thickness := $0.25 \cdot \mu m$ Gap := 3. Thickness Height := 3. Thickness

Length := 40000 · Thickness

Length = 10 mm

Cu wiring

Data

$$R_{AI} \coloneqq \rho_{AI'} \frac{\text{Length}}{\text{Area}_{\text{wire}}} \qquad \qquad R_{Cu} \coloneqq \rho_{Cu'} \frac{\text{Length}}{\text{Area}_{\text{wire}}} \qquad \qquad C \coloneqq \epsilon_{SiO2'} \epsilon_{o'} \frac{\text{Area}_{\text{plate}}}{\text{Gap}}$$
Chip_Speed := $(R_{AI'}C)^{-1}$
Chip_Speed = 3.121 GHz Al wiring

Chip_Speed = $5.113 \,\text{GHz}$